

Statistically, the letter Y constitutes just 0.04 percent of a German text, making it the rarest letter after Q and X - a fitting metaphor for the MG Y-Type, which occupies only a small niche within the classic car scene. Then, as now, the Y, also known as the 1½ Litre M.G., is an underrated car. With the onset of post-war mass motoring, the little saloon was an attractive choice for the family man or woman.

On its introduction in the spring of 1947, the Y-Type attracted a lot of attention, not least because of its reasonable price of £525 (£672 including Purchase Tax). The body was obviously derived from the Morris Eight and Ten saloons, thus sporting classic pre-war looks with its flowing wings, rearward-opening front doors separately mounted, rather than faired-in, headlamps - a rather old-fashioned package even when new, or to put it more kindly, a contemporary classic. The modifications had been undertaken by a young Gerald Palmer in 1939; the appearance of the car betrayed the fact that its introduction had had to be delayed for seven years due to the hostilities. Technically, however, it was upto-date with its 1250 cc four-cylinder engine and independent front suspension by wishbones and coil, a first for M.G. The latter had been designed by a young Morris engineer called Alec Issigonis before the war; with only minor modifications, it was to be used in various M.G. models until the end of MGB production. Accurate rack and pinion steering was also featured. The "Jackall" hydraulic jack, a standard fitment, was a particular boon; its four hydraulically activated rams greatly facilitated wheelchanging en-route - a feature M.G. enthusiasts had previously only seen on the large pre-war SVW saloons and tourers. This lent the specification a touch of luxury that was also evident in the well-appointed interior, which was furnished in the traditional British style, and the standard equipment, which included an adjustable steering column and a sliding sunroof. All in all, a very appealing package. The Y-Type used the TC's well-tried XPAG engine, albeit with only one carburettor and a power output of 46 bhp. At over 3cwt (150 kgs) more than its sporting sibling with its twin-carburettor engine and 54.4 bhp, the Y-Type could hardly be expected to be the ultimate sports saloon, yet, with a top speed of around 70 mph (115 kph), it was certainly competitive in the immediate

post-war years. Compare this to the 1946 VW "Pretzel Window" Beetle, whose driver had to make do with a 1.1 litre engine and 25 hp, or a DKW F89 "Meisterklasse" which came with a 700 cc, two-stroke engine producing 23 hp. Maximum speed was 105 and 100 kph respectively.

In 1948, an open four-seat tourer was added to the range. The YT used the more powerful version of the XPAG engine with twin carburettors and 54.4 bhp. The tourer had been conceived with the export market in mind; it arrived to a mixed reception, however, as neither its looks nor its road holding were considered sporting enough for an M.G. The model was discontinued after two years; only 904 cars were produced. The YT was the last open tourer M.G. was to offer; with hindsight, a regrettable decision as affordable four-seater convertibles are few and far between on the classic car market, and the YT presents an alternative that has a charm of its own.

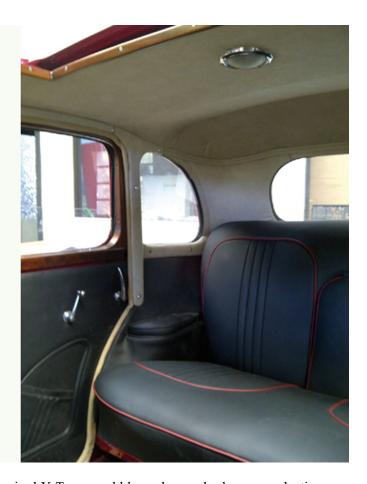
After four years and a production run of 6,131 cars according to the Y-Type Register (6,158 units according to McComb), the model was succeeded by the YB (the original type retrospectively being called the YA). While the engine remained unchanged, the YB was given the hypoid bevel rear axle and the Lockheed twin leading shoe brakes of the TD which had replaced the TC in January 1950 (the original Y-Type saloon had had to make do with the TC's hydraulic simplex brakes all round). In addition, the YB was given uprated shock absorbers and an anti-roll bar, which considerably improved road holding. Tyre size was reduced from 16" to 15". With the YB, M.G. now offered a sports saloon that, pre-war styling notwithstanding, compared favourably with more upmarket rivals such as the Mercedes 170.

The Y-Type also proved a successful competition model: in 1952, 1953 and 1954, a YB won the production









car championships in Silverstone. Without doubt, the revised Y-Type would have deserved a longer production run, but, due to the well-known constraints imposed on the *marque*, its Abingdon factory had to concentrate its efforts on the TD and TF, which were huge export successes and currency earners. And so the YB was discontinued in late 1953 after only 1,301 cars had been produced. Compared to its modern successor, the badge-engineered Magnette ZA saloon, the Y-Type definitely looked its age. The following years saw a gradual decline of the model even in its main markets: the UK, the United States and Australia. More often than not, the cars met a sad fate, their engines being cannibalised by owners of the ever-popular T-Series. Today, the Y-Type Register lists only 326 YA, 147 YT and 139 YB models, some of which are, however, beyond redemption. In Germany, seven YA, two YT and six YB models are known within the Register, putting Germany in fifth place among the international Y-Type community!

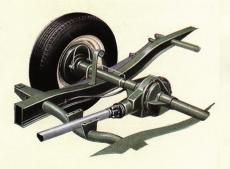
But no matter how you look at it, the fact remains that, for all its good genes (XPAG engine), attractive styling (curvy pre-war looks, well-appointed interior) and innovative technical detail (independent front suspension, hydraulic jack), the Y-Type was not a huge sales success then and remains an exotic specimen of the *marque* today. So why should a middle-aged Central European (the author was born in 1967) be so enthusiastic about this old-school niche model?

Perhaps its exotic status has something to do with it. One does not tire of the Y-Type as easily as of the much more common "usual suspects" of the classic car scene. Above all, it is a roomy car, a decisive advantage for families. It is hard to think of a family classic that offers similar value for money. For a weekend tour with kit and caboodle, the Y-Type is an ideal choice. Wherever you go, the car always generates a lot of enthusiasm, never envy. So, why (Y) not a Y?

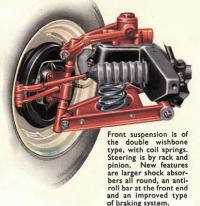
Finally, the question remains whether to buy a good example or undertake the restoration oneself. Good examples have recently been advertised for €20,000 to €30,000, though it is difficult to determine a precise market value due to the scarcity of the model. In 2008, the author opted for a car with "traces of heavy use" (Y 4155), which was to cause a wide range of emotions during its five-year frame-off restoration (many thanks to Helmut Alles, who undertook the engine/drivetrain overhaul). In the final stages of the restoration, it was supposedly simple components like the sunroof that caused a lot of hassle - though in this case, I was partly to blame as I hadn't documented things thoroughly enough with photos when dismantling the item! But thanks to the unstinting support of experienced British car specialists such as Bernd Gilles (of Krumey & Gilles, Mülheim a. d. Ruhr), wood specialists Unicum of Krefeld and our club experts, Kalle Borchers and Manfred Noll-Baues, my personal Y-Type story has had a happy ending. No hard feelings! And so all that remains for me to say is: Happy 70th Birthday, little Y-Type!



A sliding panel is fitted flush with the roof. It is skilfully designed to ensure that, when in the open position, rear passengers are free from draught. Above the driver's head is a switch which operates the roof light.



A notable new feature is the hypoid rear axle. Developed on the M.G. Midget during long experience on race tracks, in trials and on the road, it achieves quieter running with longer life.



of braking system.





Finished in polished walnut, the handsome facia panel is fitted with an ashtray on either side of the screen rail. Instruments are softly illuminated by diffused light for night driving. The spacious lined glove box has a drop front.



Finest grade English leather is used for the upholstery. Pleating in seats and squabs gives a very pleasing effect. The wide arm-rest for the rear seats folds back flush with the rear squab.

SPECIFICATION

ENGINE: Cylinder bore 66-5 mm.

Stroke 90 mm. 1250 c.c. R.A.C.
rating 10-97 h.p. Counter-balanced
consistant, there main bearings.
Code. 14 mm. plugs. Coll ignition,
code. 14 mm. plugs. Coll ignition,
automatic davance. Force-6eed lightcation, renewable element oil filter.
Aluminium alloy sump. capacity 10-8 pints (59-8 litres). Single S.U.
semi-downdraught carburetter. Art cleaner. Radiator fan. Water circulated by pump; circulation thermostatically controlled.

statically controlled.

TRANSMISSION: Borg & Beck
8" dry clutch. Four-speed gearbox.
Sacond, third and top synchromesty.
Gear ratios: Top—5-125 to 1;
Third—7-098 to 1; Second—10-609
to 1; First—17-938 to 1; Reverse—17-938 to 1. Hardy Spicer needle bearing propeller shaft. Semi-floating hypoid rear axie.

FUEL: 8-gallon (36-litre) tank at rear. Quick filler cap. S.U. petrol

CHASSIS: Track: Front 3' 11½" (1-203 m.); Rear 4' 2" (1-270 m.); Wheelbase 8' 3" (2-514 m.); Clearance 6" (15 cm.) at lowest point. Boxed-type side-members with robust tubular cross-members.

dependently sprung suspension, wish-bone type, employing coil springs and rubber-bushed inner mountings. At rear: long flexible laminated springs, rubber interleaved, mounted in flexing rubber bushes, with a rubber-mounted lateral control link to stabilise rear axle movement. Piston-type hydraulic dampers.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT:
12-volt: dynamo, belt-driven from
crankshaft, operates in conjunction
with a compensating voltage control
unit. Lucas high-frequency horn.
Twin screen wipers. Traffic indicators.

LIGHTING: Headlamps with block lenses and double dlp switch, operated by foot control. Wing lamps. Twin stop/call-lamps. Fog-lamp. Reversing light, automatically controlled by engagement of reverse gear. Roof light.

BRAKES: Lockheed hydraulic brakes. Large-area drums, 9" dia. (22-86 cm.). Ferodo linings. Inde-pendent central hand brake, cable-operated, on rear wheels only.

WHEELS: Disc-type, with chromium-plated centres. Size $4\text{-}00 \times 15$. Tyres by Dunlop, size 5-50--15.

JACKING SYSTEM: Jackall built in, with control pump on left-hand side under bonnet.

STEERING: Adjustable, direct-acting, rack-and-pinion type. Spring-spoked wheel. Turning circle 33' 6" right-hand and left-hand.

INSTRUMENTS: Ammeter, oil pressure and petrol gauges. Speedometer and electric clock. Instrument panel has diffused lighting for night driving.

panel has diffused lighting for night driving.

COACHWORK: Walnut work with the work, leather upholistery, pile carpet. Winding windows in all four doors. Opening windscreen with centre winder. Safety glass throughout. Both front seats adjusted. Centre arm-rest in rear seat. Flushfitting silding roof. Rear bildin operated from driving seat. Sun visors for driver and front pastenger. Large glove box in facia panel. Hap pocket in all doors. An ashrey for each occupant. Large rear luggee compartment with lid which open flat to form additional platform if required. Spare wheel and comprehensive tool kit in separate compartment, accessible with full load of luggee.

COLOURS.

Black Maroon, Beige,
Green.
Autumn Red ... Maroon, Beige.
Woodland Green
Silver Streak Grey
Maroon.
Maroon, Beige.
Maroon, Beige.
Maroon, Beige.

The issue of this folder does not constitute an offer, and the right is reserved to alter price and/or specifications at any time without notice. Sales are conditional upon Terms of Business, Guarantees and Service arrangements issued by Marris Motors Ltd. For prices see separate line.

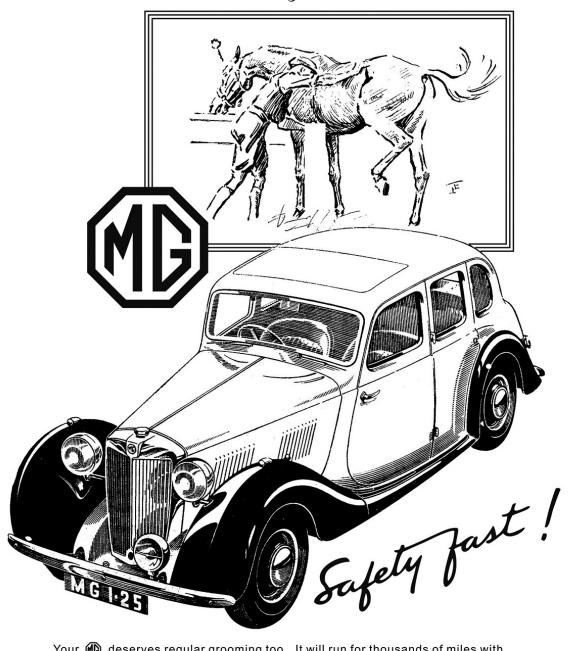
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Maintaining the Breed



Your (1) deserves regular grooming too. It will run for thousands of miles with little attention, but a regular check-up will ensure matchless (1) performance. Your (11) dealer is ready to do this, with "(11) trained" advice and service.

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